

$$y = (m \times x) + b$$

Where:

y = The calculated dependent variable

m = The slope of the line; i.e. the change in y per unit change in x

Stated mathematically $m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$

x = The independent variable

b = The y axis intercept when x is equal to zero

Stated mathematically $b = y - (m \times x)$, calculated using a known value of x and y for a given point on the line