

Break/Exercise #1

Given:

- Foggy with forecast 50°F temperatures until mid-afternoon
- Ball Room is at 72°F
- Minimum outdoor air percentage recently verified as 25%
- Fan discharge temperature at 51.1°F
- Puddle of condensate at the drain line
- Return air at the unit is 73.4°F
- Outdoor air at the unit is 52.2°F
- The tools in the following slides

Answer the Following Questions

1. What is the current mixed air temperature?

2. Does the current mixed air temperature increase or decrease the cooling coil load relative to the load in the ball room?
 Increase Decrease No impact
3. Will the mixed air condition impact the cooling coil load relative to the load in the ballroom the same way as it does currently for the entire year?
 Yes No

ALTITUDE: 423 FEET
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE: 29.467 in. HG
ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE: 14.473 psia

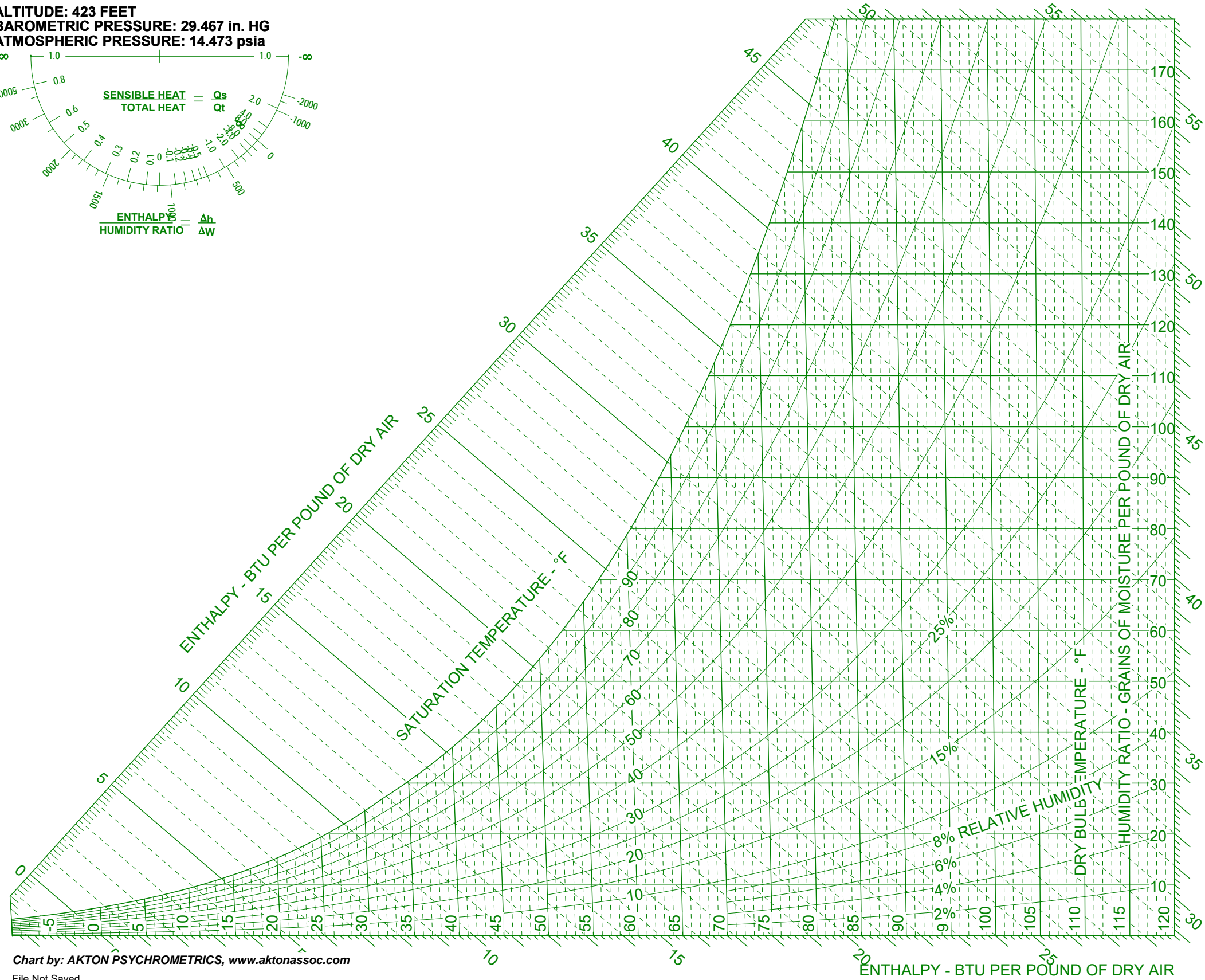
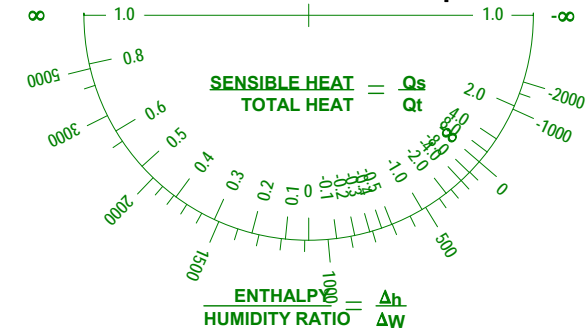


Chart by: AKTON PSYCHROMETRICS, www.aktonassoc.com

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Steady Flow Energy Equation (aka Conservation of Mass and Energy)

$$Q + u_1 + \frac{p_1 v_1}{J} + \frac{z_1}{J} + \frac{V_1^2}{2gJ} = \frac{W}{J} + u_2 + \frac{p_2 v_2}{J} + \frac{z_2}{J} + \frac{V_2^2}{2gJ}$$

Where:

Q = Heat in Btu/lb

W = Shaft work, ft-lb/lb

u = Internal energy, Btu/lb

pv = Flow work; pressure in lb/ft² x specific volume in ft³/lb, ft-lb/lb

J = Mechanical equivalent of heat; 778 ft-lb/Btu

V = Velocity in feet per second

g = gravitational constant, 32 ft/sec/sec

The quantity $u_1 + \frac{pv}{J}$ shows up frequently in thermodynamics and is termed "Enthalpy" and given the symbol "h".

Thus, the equation above can be written as:

$$Q + h_1 + \frac{z_1}{J} + \frac{V_1^2}{2gJ} = \frac{W}{J} + h_2 + \frac{z_2}{J} + \frac{V_2^2}{2gJ}$$